EXHIBIT A



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coor	LEY GEOR	GE PANTA	AZIS MD PA VS UNIT	ED HEALTHCARE	OF FLORI	IDA, INC. ET AL
Loc	cal Case N	umber:	2023-026576-CA-01	Filin	g Date:	11/14/2023
Sta	ite Case N	umber:	132023CA02657601	GE01 Judicial S	Section:	CA43 - Downtown Miami
Conso	lidated Ca	se No.:	N/A	Court Lo	ocation:	73 West Flagler Street, Miami FL 33130
	Case	Status:	OPEN	Cas	se Type:	Business Torts
:= p	Related (2505				
		.ases				Total Of Related Cases: 0
P P	Parties					Total Of Parties: 5
* F	learing	Details				Total Of Hearings: 1
₩ D	ockets					Total Of Dockets: 17
		1,000		Docket	Event	
	DIN	Date	Book/Page	Entry	Type	Comments
		02/09/2	024	Special Sets	Hearing	INITIAL CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE
	14	12/10/2	023	Order:	Event	ON MOTIONS AND MEMO REQUIREMENTS AND MANDATORY ORDER TO CONFER AND CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT
	13	12/10/2	023	Order Requiring:	Event	COMPLIANCE WITH COMPLEX BUSINESS LITIGATION SECTION PROCEDURES AND ORDER ON CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCES
	12	12/08/2	023	Motion to Transfer	Event	
		12/01/2	023	20 Day Summons Issued	Service	
L	11	12/01/2	023	ESummons 20 Day Issued	Event	RE: INDEX # 7. Parties: UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA INC.
		12/01/2	023	20 Day Summons Issued	Service	
	10	12/01/2	023	ESummons 20 Day Issued	Event	RE: INDEX # 6. Parties: UNITED HEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY
		12/01/2	023	20 Day Summons Issued	Service	
	9	12/01/2	023	ESummons 20	Event	RE: INDEX # 5.

Day Issued

Parties: NEIGHBORHOOD HEALTH PARTNERSHIP INC.

	DIN	Date	Book/Page	Docket Entry	Event Type	Comments
	8	12/01/2023		Receipt:	Event	RECEIPT#:3120092 AMT PAID:\$30.00 NAME:PATRICK SHANAN MONTOYA WHITFIELD COLEMAN MONTOYA 201 ALHAMBRA CIRCLE SUIT CORAL GABLES FL 33134-7411 COMMENT: ALLOCATION CODE QUANTITY UNIT AMOUNT 3139-SUMMONS ISSUE FEE 1 \$10.00 \$10.00 3139-SUMMONS ISSUE FEE 1 \$10.00 \$10.00 TENDER TYPE:EFILINGS TENDER AMT:\$30.00 RECEIPT DATE:12/01/2023 REGISTER#:312 CASHIER:EFILINGUSER
L	7	11/29/2023		(M) 20 Day (C) Summons (Sub) Received	Event	
L	6	11/29/2023		(M) 20 Day (C) Summons (Sub) Received	Event	
L	5	11/29/2023		(M) 20 Day (C) Summons (Sub) Received	Event	
	4	11/17/2023		Receipt:	Event	RECEIPT#:3120007 AMT PAID:\$401.00 NAME:PATRICK SHANAN MONTOYA WHITFIELD COLEMAN MONTOYA 201 ALHAMBRA CIRCLE SUIT CORAL GABLES FL 33134-7411 COMMENT: ALLOCATION CODE QUANTITY UNIT AMOUNT 3100-CIRCUIT FILING FEE 1 \$401.00 \$401.00 TENDER TYPE:EFILINGS TENDER AMT:\$401.00 RECEIPT DATE:11/17/2023 REGISTER#:312 CASHIER:EFILINGUSER
Ľ	2	11/14/2023		Complaint	Event	
Ŀ	1	11/14/2023		Civil Cover Sheet - Claim Amount	Event	

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Juan Fernandez-Barquin Clerk of the Court and Comptroller Miami-Dade County

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Filing # 186081415 E-Filed 11/14/2023 11:52:11 AM

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 11th JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

COMPLEX BUSINESS LITIGATION DIVISION

Cooley George Pantazis MD PA d/b/a Munroe Pathology Associates,

CASE NO.:

Plaintiff,

٧.

UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC. and UNITED HEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY, and NEIGHBORHOOD HEALTH PARTNERSHIP, INC.,

efe		

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff, Cooley George Pantazis MD PA d/b/a Munroe Pathology Associates ("Plaintiff") hereby files this Complaint against Defendants UnitedHealthcare of Florida, Inc. and UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company (collectively, "UnitedHealthcare") and Neighborhood Health Partnership, Inc. ("NHP") (all defendants collectively, "Defendants") for declaratory and supplemental relief pursuant to Chapter 86 of the Florida Statutes, quantum meruit and breach of contract implied in law, and in support thereof, states as follows:

I. JURISDICTION, PARTIES, AND VENUE

1. This is an action for declaratory decree and supplemental relief pursuant to Florida Statutes Chapter 86, and the amount in controversy exceeds \$750,000, exclusive of attorney's fees and costs. See Fla. Const. Art. V § 5; Fla. Stat. § 86.011.

2. Plaintiff is a Florida professional association. Plaintiff provides professional clinical and anatomic pathology services to the Defendants' members or subscribers at hospitals in Florida.

3. Plaintiff, Cooley George Pantazis MD PA d/b/a Munroe Pathology Associates has its principal address at 1500 SW 1st Ave, Ocala, FL 34471 and provides professional clinical and anatomic pathology services at Advent Health Lab / Belleview ED (Munroe Regional); Munroe Regional Medical Center; and, Timberridge Emergency Center.

4. Defendant UnitedHealthcare of Florida, Inc. ("UHCF") is a Florida corporation authorized to do business and doing business in Miami-Dade County, Florida. UHCF is a health maintenance organization licensed and operating under Florida Statutes Chapter 641 and Florida Administrative Code, Chapter 690-191.

5. Defendant UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company ("UHCIC") is a Connecticut corporation authorized to do business and doing business in Miami-Dade County, Florida. UHCIC is a licensed health insurer offering multiple lines of business in Florida, including in Miami-Dade County.

6. Defendant NHP is a Florida corporation authorized to do business, and doing business in Miami-Dade County, Florida. NHP is a health maintenance organization ("HMO") licensed and operating under Florida Statutes Chapter 641. Defendant NHP is a wholly owned subsidiary of UnitedHealthcare.

7. At all times relevant hereto, Defendants acted by and through their respective employees, agents, apparent agents, and representatives, who were acting within the course and scope of their employment, agency, apparent agency, and representation relationship with Defendants and in the furtherance of each company's respective interests.

- 8. Venue is proper in Miami-Dade County pursuant to Florida Statutes section 47.051 because the cause of action accrued in Miami-Dade County. Moreover, UnitedHealthcare has or usually keeps an office for transaction of its customary business, located at 7600 NW 19th Street, Miami, FL 33126.
- 9. Venue is further proper in Miami-Dade County as, upon information and belief, Defendants made their decision and the policy at issue in this Complaint in Miami-Dade County.

II. GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 10. This lawsuit concerns Defendants' obligation to pay hospital-based pathologists properly and fully for admittedly covered, professional anatomical and clinical medical services they rendered to Defendants' members/subscribers.
- 11. By way of admission and otherwise through its operations, Defendants have conceded that all the professional services at issue are in fact covered services, resulting in this lawsuit not implicating ERISA nor otherwise calling into question the terms of any individual insurance plans.
- 12. Plaintiff is an exclusive provider of professional clinical and anatomic pathology services¹, some of which are emergency services and care, for patients at Hospitals they service (the "Hospitals").

¹ The professional component of clinical pathology and anatomic pathology rendered by Plaintiff and its physicians includes (a) the medical clinical oversight and supervision of the laboratory as an entity and assuring that tests, examinations, and procedures are properly performed, recorded and reported, (b) designing protocols and establishing parameters for performance of clinical testing, (c) directing, performing, and evaluating quality assurance and control procedures, (d) selecting, evaluating, and validating test methodologies, (e) the professional medical supervision of the technical personnel in the performance of their duties, and (f) the quality and timeliness of the test results, the communication and/or interpretation of the results with and for the ordering physician and interacting with the members of the medical

- 13. At all times material hereto, there was no written agreement in force or effect between Plaintiff and Defendants. Additionally, Plaintiff was required by law to bill only Defendants for payment for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services Plaintiff provided to Defendants' members/subscribers at the Hospitals.
- 14. Nonetheless and without exception, Plaintiff provides professional clinical and anatomic pathology services to Defendants' members/subscribers upon admission to the emergency room or upon admission to the above Hospitals.
- 15. Plaintiff is what is known as a "non-participating" or "non-par" provider of professional clinical and anatomic pathology services to Defendants' Members at the above Hospitals.
- 16. "Non-participating" or "non-par" providers are commonly referred to as "out-of-network" providers and these terms are equivalent.
- 17. Defendants knew that the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services required by subscribers of its HMO/PPO/EPO who were admitted to the Hospitals would be provided by Plaintiff. Prior to the institution of this action Plaintiff provided professional clinical

staff regarding issues of laboratory operation, quality, test availability and recommending appropriate follow-up diagnostic tests, when appropriate.

The sum of these two components—the technical component and the professional component—is sometimes referred to as the global service. Billing for clinical laboratory tests was accomplished by: (1) Plaintiff billing the Defendants for the professional component, and (2) the hospital billing the Defendants for the technical component.

See Coding Communication: Professional Component for Clinical Laboratory Services, 15 AMA CPT Assistant 9-10 (2005); and, Technical vs. Professional Component, 9 AMA CPT Assistant 1-9 (1999).

and anatomic pathology services to commercial/non-Medicare subscribers of Defendants admitted to the Hospitals at the request of the admitting physician or for emergency room services.

- 18. Based on prior course of dealings and the below discussed Florida legal framework to which Defendants are subject, Defendants were required to have directly paid Plaintiff for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered in the Hospitals to Defendants' commercial, non-Medicare subscribers.
- 19. Defendants benefited from the services Plaintiff provided to subscribers of its insurance plans and knew that Plaintiff, as the providers of the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services, expected to be paid for said services.
- 20. Plaintiff submitted claims to Defendants for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services provided at the Hospitals to Defendants' commercial/non-Medicare subscribers seeking reasonable compensation for said services.
- 21. Defendants have underpaid Plaintiff, without exception, for the admittedly covered, professional medical services they rendered to Defendants' members/subscribers at issue in this Complaint.
- 22. Plaintiff does not get paid from the Hospitals they service for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services.
- 23. Instead, Plaintiff has contracts with the Hospitals that they service providing that the Plaintiff has the exclusive right to bill and collect for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services at issue in this Complaint. In turn, the above Hospitals have the exclusive right to bill and collect for what is known as the Technical Component of Pathology Services.²

² The Technical Component is rendered and billed for by the Hospitals' staff and includes the allocated costs of equipment, chemicals or other reagents, utilities, and salaries of technical

- A. Defendants have an extensive history of recognizing and paying for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services at issue in this Complaint.
- 24. Defendants have expressly acknowledged in contracts with multiple Florida pathologists, rendering the same exact professional clinical and anatomic pathology services at issue here, are covered services under Florida law.
- 25. Defendants had contracts with multiple pathology groups throughout the State of Florida, providing specific and agreed-upon reimbursement for the identical services at issue in this action.
- 26. Defendants' multiple similar contracts, which are in the public domain, with other pathology groups throughout the State of Florida contained the following language:

The payments described in the attached Fee Information Document include value for the professional component of clinical pathology serviced rendered by [PATHOLOGY GROUP] to any Customer of United. Notwithstanding the terms of any Customer's Benefit Plan or of United's current or future Payments Policies or Protocols, such services represent the supervision and interpretation of procedures that are performed under the supervision of [PATHOLOGY GROUP], in accordance with protocols established by [PATHOLOGY GROUP], which are presented by the laboratory reports included in each Customer's medical records, and which directly contribute to the diagnosis and treatment of each Customer.

27. Upon information and belief, Defendants have also signed multiple subsequent contracts with pathology groups throughout the State of Florida paying for the very same services at issue here.

personnel to collect specimens, run the equipment and generate a quantitative or qualitative result. Importantly, the hospital staff if overseen and supervised by Plaintiff. Moreover, the above hospital's laboratory cannot be accredited or legally function without Plaintiff serving as Medical Director and overseeing and supervising hospital staff.

See Coding Communication: Professional Component for Clinical Laboratory Services, 15 AMA CPT Assistant (2005) at 9.

28. The aforementioned contracts between Defendants and other pathology groups establish and constitute an admission that payment for the services at issue in this case is solely a "rate of payment" issue, only, and does not call into question any coverage determinations or the terms of any plan documents.

B. Defendants' illegal Commercial Reimbursement Policy is that they allegedly pay the Hospitals for professional clinical and anatomic pathology services and do not pay for "duplicative laboratory services."

29. Defendants refused to pay or pay an unreasonably undervalued or arbitrary amount based solely on their "Commercial Reimbursement Policy," *infra*, that does not take into consideration contracted rates with pathologists throughout the State of Florida into their payments to non-participating providers, like Plaintiff, an analysis as required by Florida law, regardless of the member's/subscriber's insurance plan.

- 30. Defendants have ignored their contracts with other pathology groups in the State of Florida, admissions that the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services are not only covered, but at certain rates.
- 31. Defendants have also ignored their course of dealing with Florida pathologists and Florida law in their payment policy, the "Commercial Reimbursement Policy," *infra*, for non-participating providers, such as Plaintiff.
- 32. Defendants underpaid Plaintiff for hundreds of thousands of dollars in professional clinical and anatomic pathology services because Defendants did not consider its contracts with other Florida pathologists when determining the usual, customary and reasonable rates "(UCR") for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services Plaintiff rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' HMO and/or PPO/EPO policies.

33. Plaintiff has notified Defendants of the improperly reimbursed professional clinical and anatomic pathology services³, including identification of the specific patients to whom Plaintiff has provided professional clinical and anatomic pathology services, and demanded proper payment of said professional clinical and anatomic pathology services.

34. To date, Plaintiff has not been properly compensated by Defendants for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services Plaintiff rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' HMO and/or PPO/EPO policies.

35. Plaintiff has likewise not been compensated by the respective facilities/Hospitals, or patients themselves, for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services Plaintiff has rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies.

36. Defendant has a "Commercial Reimbursement Policy" numbered "2023R0010A" that Defendants have adopted, published, and relied upon that existed in similar or substantially similar form for the last five years. Ex. A, Defendants' Commercial Reimbursement Policy, Professional Policy number 2023R0010A.⁴

37. The Commercial Reimbursement Policy states in material part, "The established policy for reimbursement of laboratory services performed in a facility setting is consistent with [Defendants'] policy not to pay for duplicative laboratory services."

38. The Commercial Reimbursement Policy further states that,

"Manual and automated laboratory services submitted with a CMS facility POS [Hospital Locations] will not be reimbursable. These services are reimbursable to the facility. When facilities obtain manual or automated laboratory tests for patients under arrangements with . . .

³A Claim spreadsheet with claims at issue have been provided to Defendants, and is not attached to this Complaint because the spreadsheet contains HIPAA protected information.

⁴ Plaintiff does not have the previous year's Laboratory Service Policy but upon information and belief it is identical or substantially similar to Professional Policy number 2023R0010A. Plaintiff will request the earlier years Laboratory Service Policy in discovery.

[a] pathology group, only the facility may be reimbursed for the services." (Emphasis supplied).

See Defendants' Commercial Reimbursement Policy, Professional Policy number 2023R0010A.

- 39. The above referenced Hospitals do not bill Defendants for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services at issue in this Complaint, nor do the Hospitals render those professional clinical and anatomic pathology services.
 - 40. All conditions precedent to bringing this case have or will be satisfied.

COUNT I

(Declaratory Relief Against All Defendants for Professional Clinical and Anatomic Pathology)

- 41. Plaintiff incorporates and realleges the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 40 as if fully set forth herein.
 - 42. This is a count for declaratory relief pursuant to Chapter 86 of the Florida Statutes.
- 43. Section 86.011 provides the Court jurisdiction to declare the existence or nonexistence of any immunity, power, privilege or right; or of any fact upon which the existence or nonexistence of such immunity, power, privilege or right now exists or will arise in the future.
- 44. Florida Statutes section 86.021 expressly provides that any person whose rights, status, or other equitable or legal relations are affected by a statute, or any regulation made under statutory authority, or other article, memorandum, or instrument in writing may have determined any question of construction or validity arising under such statute, regulation, or other article, memorandum or instrument in writing, or any part thereof and obtain a declaration of rights, status, or other equitable or legal relations thereunder.
- 45. Plaintiff contends that Florida law is clear, and the contracts between Defendants with Florida pathologists are admissions that Defendants must pay Plaintiff for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services it rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' HMO

and PPO/EPO policies based on the UCR analysis and the legal requirement to take into account Defendants' contracts with Florida pathologists for the very same services at issue here.

- 46. Plaintiff further seeks a declaratory decree that Defendants' "Commercial Reimbursement Policy" numbered "2023R0010A" that existed in similar or substantially similar form for the last five years is wholly erroneous and inaccurate under Florida law because: a) the "duplicative laboratory services" in Defendants' above-referenced Commercial Reimbursement Policy are not "duplicative laboratory services"; b) the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services are not reimbursable to the "facility" ("Hospitals"), but directly to Plaintiff; and c) Defendants do not in fact pay the Hospitals for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services.
- 47. Plaintiff further seeks a declaratory judgment that Defendants have violated, and continue to violate Florida law, specifically Fla. Stat. Chapters 627 and 641, as recognized by the Third District Court of Appeal in *Health Options, Inc. v. Palmetto Pathology Services*, P.A., 983 So. 2d 608 (Fla. 3d DCA 2008) and the First District Court of Appeal in *Baker County Medical Services, Inc. v. Aetna Health Mgmt., LLC*, 31 So. 3d 842 (Fla. 1st DCA 2010) by: a) refusing to take into account contract rates with other pathology groups throughout the State of Florida for the subject professional clinical and anatomic pathology services provided by Plaintiff to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies; b) utilizing the above-referenced Commercial Reimbursement Policy illegally and classifying and the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services as "duplicative laboratory services" when they are not in fact "duplicative laboratory services"; c) utilizing the above-referenced Commercial Reimbursement Policy illegally and enforcing the Commercial Reimbursement Policy to allegedly pay the "facility" ["Hospitals"] for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services and not Plaintiff; and

- d) failing to adequately and properly reimburse at Plaintiff at UCR for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services.
 - 48. As a result, there is a present, actual, bona fide dispute between the parties.
 - 49. Plaintiff requests a declaration with respect to the following:

General Declarations

- a. Plaintiff is a non-contracted provider of professional clinical and anatomic pathology services to Defendants' members/subscribers;
- b. The professional clinical and anatomic pathology services are physician care in the form of supervision and interpretation of clinical and anatomic laboratory examinations rendered by Plaintiff to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies as set forth in Florida Statutes section 483.803(3);
- c. Plaintiff has not been compensated by the Hospitals for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies by Plaintiff and billed to Defendants;
- d. The professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered by Plaintiff to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies are part of the covered and medically necessary services that Defendants admitted were covered medical services with value under contracts with pathologists in the State of Florida;
- e. The compensation that Defendants pay to the facilities/Hospitals under their Commercial Reimbursement Policy number 2023R0010A and the same or similar policies the last four years are not payment for Plaintiff's professional clinical and anatomic pathology services;
- f. Plaintiff's professional clinical and anatomic pathology services are not duplicative laboratory services under Defendants' Commercial Reimbursement Policy number 2023R0010A or similar policies the last four years;
- g. Defendants, by virtue of their Commercial Reimbursement Policy number 2023R0010A or similar policies the last four years, have admitted the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered by Plaintiff are covered and medically necessary medical services with value by Defendants;
- h. Paying for professional clinical and anatomic pathology services is not contrary to Defendants' Policy number 2023R0010A and the same or similar policies the last four years;

- i. Defendants must pay the UCR of the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services, which is the "fair market value" consistent with *Baker County Medical Services, Inc. v. Aetna Health Management, LLC*, 31 So. 3d 842, 845 (Fla. 1st DCA 2010);
- j. Defendants must take into account their contract rates with pathologists throughout the State of Florida for professional clinical and anatomic pathology services before determining the UCR to non-participating providers, like Plaintiff;
- k. Defendants must take into account its contract rates for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services before determining its UCR to non-participating providers, like Plaintiff;
- l. Plaintiff is entitled to costs and pre- and post- judgment interest on all underpaid professional clinical and anatomic pathology services claims;

HMO Declarations

- m. Florida Statutes section 641.3154(1) prohibits Plaintiff from seeking payment from members/subscribers of Defendants' HMO policies, for any service, including Plaintiff's professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies and billed to Defendants;
- n. professional clinical and anatomic pathology services are physician care rendered by Plaintiff to members/subscribers of Defendants' HMO policies as set forth in Florida Statutes section 483.041(3);
- o. Plaintiff is a non-contracted provider for health care services as contemplated by Florida Statute section 641.3154 and Defendants are liable for payment of billed charges to Plaintiff for professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies;
- p. All of Plaintiff's billing for professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies were not promptly paid by Defendants pursuant to Florida Statutes section 641.3155 and the overdue payments accrue simple interest at a rate of 12% per year beginning on the day the claim should have been paid by Defendants;
- q. Plaintiff is entitled to supplemental relief and a monetary award that compensates Plaintiff for the underpaid professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies, plus interest, pursuant to Florida Statutes section 641.3155, as well as costs;

PPO/EPO Declarations

r. Florida Statutes section 627.64194(2)-(3) prohibits Plaintiff from seeking payment from members/subscribers of UnitedHealthcare's policies, for any service, including professional

clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies and billed to Defendants;

- s. Plaintiff is a nonparticipating provider for health care services as contemplated by Florida Statute section 627.64194 and Defendants are liable for payment of billed charges to Plaintiff for professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies;
- t. Pathology Services are covered emergency and nonemergency service under Florida Statute 627.64194;
- u. All of Plaintiff's billing for professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of UnitedHealthcare's policies were not paid by Defendants pursuant to Florida Statutes section 627.64194 and section 641.513(5) within the applicable timeframe and the overdue payments accrue simple interest at a rate of 12% per year beginning on the day the claim should have been paid by Defendants provided by Florida Statutes section 627.6131; and
- v. Plaintiff is entitled to supplemental relief and a monetary award that compensates Plaintiff for the underpaid professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies, plus interest, pursuant to Florida Statute section 627.6131, as well as costs.
- 89. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' acts and omissions the Plaintiff sustained damages and have been deprived of the full compensation to which Plaintiff is entitled to receive for providing physician services, including professional clinical and anatomic pathology services and clinical laboratory examinations discussed in this Complaint to Defendants' members/subscribers.
- 90. The existence of another potentially adequate remedy does not preclude a judgment for declaratory relief. Fla. Stat. §86.111.
- 91. Plaintiff is entitled to supplemental relief pursuant to Florida Statutes section 86.061, including the payment of all money that was not paid or under paid to Plaintiff by Defendant for professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered, including physician health care services and Health Testing Services to its members/subscribers and interest pursuant

to Florida Statutes section 627.6131 and 641.3155.

92. Pursuant to Florida Statutes section 86.081, Plaintiff is entitled to costs as are equitable.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court enter a final declaratory decree judgment finding that:

General Declarations

- a. Plaintiff is a non-contracted provider of professional clinical and anatomic pathology services to Defendants' members/subscribers;
- b. The professional clinical and anatomic pathology services are physician care in the form of supervision and interpretation of clinical and anatomic laboratory examinations rendered by Plaintiff to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies as set forth in Florida Statutes section 483.803(3);
- c. Plaintiff has not been compensated by the Hospitals for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies by Plaintiff and billed to Defendants;
- d. The professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered by Plaintiff to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies are part of the covered and medically necessary services that Defendants admitted were covered medical services with value under contracts with pathologists in the State of Florida;
- e. The compensation that Defendants pay to the facilities/Hospitals under their Commercial Reimbursement Policy number 2023R0010A and the same or similar policies the last four years are not payment for Plaintiff's professional clinical and anatomic pathology services;
- f. Plaintiff's professional clinical and anatomic pathology services are not duplicative laboratory services under Defendants' Commercial Reimbursement Policy number 2023R0010A or similar policies the last four years;
- g. Defendants, by virtue of their Commercial Reimbursement Policy number 2023R0010A or similar policies the last four years, have admitted the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered by Plaintiff are covered and medically necessary medical services with value by Defendants;

- h. Paying for professional clinical and anatomic pathology services is not contrary to Defendants' Policy number 2023R0010A and the same or similar policies the last four years;
- i. Defendants must pay the UCR of the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services, which is the "fair market value" consistent with *Baker County Medical Services, Inc. v. Aetna Health Management, LLC*, 31 So. 3d 842, 845 (Fla. 1st DCA 2010);
- j. Defendants must take into account their contract rates for professional clinical and anatomic pathology services with pathologists throughout the State of Florida before determining the UCR to non-participating providers, like Plaintiff;
- k. Defendants must take into account its contract rates for the professional clinical and anatomic pathology services before determining its UCR to non-participating providers, like Plaintiff;
- 1. Plaintiff is entitled to costs and pre- and post- judgment interest on all underpaid professional clinical and anatomic pathology services claims;

HMO Declarations

- m. Florida Statutes section 641.3154(1) prohibits Plaintiff from seeking payment from members/subscribers of Defendants' HMO policies, for any service, including Plaintiff's professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies and billed to Defendants;
- n. professional clinical and anatomic pathology services are physician care rendered by Plaintiff to members/subscribers of Defendants' HMO policies as set forth in Florida Statutes section 483.041(3);
- o. Plaintiff is a non-contracted provider for health care services as contemplated by Florida Statute section 641.3154 and Defendants are liable for payment of billed charges to Plaintiff for professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies;
- p. All of Plaintiff's billing for professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies were not promptly paid by Defendants pursuant to Florida Statutes section 641.3155 and the overdue payments accrue simple interest at a rate of 12% per year beginning on the day the claim should have been paid by Defendants;
- q. Plaintiff is entitled to supplemental relief and a monetary award that compensates Plaintiff for the underpaid professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies, plus interest, pursuant to Florida Statutes section 641.3155, as well as costs;

PPO/EPO Declarations

- r. Florida Statutes section 627.64194(2)-(3) prohibits Plaintiff from seeking payment from members/subscribers of UnitedHealthcare's policies, for any service, including professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies and billed to Defendants;
- s. Plaintiff is a nonparticipating provider for health care services as contemplated by Florida Statute section 627.64194 and Defendants' are liable for payment of billed charges to Plaintiff for professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies;
- t. Pathology Services are covered emergency and nonemergency service under Florida Statute 627.64194;
- u. All of Plaintiff's billing for professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies were not paid by UnitedHealthcare pursuant to Florida Statutes section 627.64194 and section 641.513(5) within the applicable timeframe and the overdue payments accrue simple interest at a rate of 12% per year beginning on the day the claim should have been paid by Defendants' provided by Florida Statutes section 627.6131; and
- v. Plaintiff is entitled to supplemental relief and a monetary award that compensates Plaintiff for the underpaid professional clinical and anatomic pathology services rendered to members/subscribers of Defendants' policies, plus interest, pursuant to Florida Statute section 627.6131, as well as costs.

COUNT II

(Quantum Meruit for partially paid Professional Anatomic Pathology Services against all Defendants)

- 93. Plaintiff incorporates and realleges the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 40 as if fully set forth herein.
- 94. Certain of Plaintiff's professional anatomic pathology claims have been paid directly to Plaintiff, albeit underpaid/partially paid.
- 95. Without exception, Plaintiff has appealed those professional anatomic pathology claims with Defendants based on underpaying the UCR.
 - 93. Based upon the underpayment of the UCR on the professional anatomic pathology

claims, there is no need for the Court to review whether the subject services are covered services under Defendants' insurance policies, therefore, ERISA is not implicated.

- 94. Defendants authorized professional anatomic pathology services for which Plaintiff billed, thus assenting to the professional anatomic pathology services, when they knew or should have known, that Plaintiff's services were part of that testing procedure.
- 95. Defendants knew or should have known that Plaintiff expected full payment for its professional anatomic pathology services to Defendants' members/subscribers, especially in light of their past dealings and the bills submitted to Defendants.
- 96. Defendants have received the benefit of the professional anatomic pathology services performed by Plaintiff and rendered to Defendants' members/subscribers.
- 97. By accepting Plaintiff's professional anatomic pathology services to its commercial members/subscribers without properly paying for said services, Defendants benefited at the expense of Plaintiff in the amount representing the full UCR of the professional anatomic pathology services provided by Plaintiff.
- 98. Defendants have partially paid, or underpaid, the full reasonable value of the professional anatomic pathology services provided and submitted to Defendant for covered professional anatomic pathology services to Defendants' members/subscribers on behalf of Plaintiff together with statutory interest pursuant to Florida Statutes section 641.3155 and/or 627.6131 is owed to Plaintiff.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demand judgment against Defendants, together with all costs, pre- and post- judgment interests pursuant to Florida Statutes section 641.3155 and/or 627.6131 and any other such relief as the Court deems just and proper.

COUNT III

(Breach of Contract Implied in Law as to all Defendants for partially paid Anatomic Pathology Services Claims)

- 99. Plaintiff incorporates and realleges the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 40 as if fully set forth herein.
- 100. Certain of Plaintiff's professional anatomic pathology claims have been paid directly to Plaintiff, albeit underpaid/partially paid.
- 101. Without exception, Plaintiff has appealed those professional anatomic pathology claims with Defendants based on underpaying the UCR.
- 102. Based upon the underpayment of the UCR on the professional anatomic pathology claims, there is no need for the Court to review whether the subject services are covered services under Defendants' insurance policies, therefore, ERISA is not implicated.
- 103. Plaintiff gave or conferred a direct benefit to Defendants, to wit, the rendering of medically necessary professional anatomic pathology services to Defendants' members/subscribers.
- 104. Defendants knew of the benefit, by virtue of authorizing the admission of its commercial members/subscribers to the Hospitals and/or receiving the billing for the professional anatomic pathology services.
- 105. Defendants accepted or retained the benefit of the professional anatomic pathology services performed by Plaintiff but have failed and refused to properly and fully pay Plaintiff for those services.
- 106. The benefit flowed to Defendants, by virtue of having their insured receive the professional anatomic pathology services.

The circumstances are such that Defendants should, in all fairness, be required to 107.

fully pay for the benefit (i.e. the professional anatomic pathology services), as it would be

inequitable for the Defendants to retain the benefit without paying full fair value for it.

As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' actions described herein, Plaintiff 108.

has suffered damages.

The damages suffered by Plaintiff is in excess of \$750,000.00, plus statutory 109.

interest pursuant to Florida Statutes Chapters 641 and 627.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants, together with all costs,

pre- and post- judgment interests pursuant to Florida Statutes section 641.3155 and/or 627.6131

and any other such relief as the Court deems just and proper.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Dated: November 14, 2023

Respectfully submitted,

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Exhibit A



Laboratory Services Policy, Professional

IMPORTANT NOTE ABOUT THIS REIMBURSEMENT POLICY

You are responsible for submission of accurate claims. This reimbursement policy is intended to ensure that you are reimbursed based on the code or codes that correctly describe the health care services provided. UnitedHealthcare reimbursement policies may use Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®*), Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) or other coding guidelines. References to CPT or other sources are for definitional purposes only and do not imply any right to reimbursement.

This reimbursement policy applies to all health care services billed on CMS 1500 forms and, when specified, to those billed on UB04 forms. Coding methodology, industry-standard reimbursement logic, regulatory requirements, benefits design and other factors are considered in developing reimbursement policy.

This information is intended to serve only as a general reference resource regarding UnitedHealthcare's reimbursement policy for the services described and is not intended to address every aspect of a reimbursement situation. Accordingly, UnitedHealthcare may use reasonable discretion in interpreting and applying this policy to health care services provided in a particular case. Further, the policy does not address all issues related to reimbursement for health care services provided to UnitedHealthcare enrollees. Other factors affecting reimbursement may supplement, modify or, in some cases, supersede this policy. These factors may include, but are not limited to: legislative mandates, the physician or other provider contracts, the enrollee's benefit coverage documents and/or other reimbursement, medical or drug policies. Finally, this policy may not be implemented exactly the same way on the different electronic claims processing systems used by UnitedHealthcare due to programming or other constraints; however, UnitedHealthcare strives to minimize these variations. UnitedHealthcare may modify this reimbursement policy at any time by publishing a new version of the policy on this Website. However, the information presented in this policy is accurate and current as of the date of publication.

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Application

This reimbursement policy applies to services reported using the 1500 Health Insurance Claim Form (a/k/a CMS-1500) or its electronic equivalent or its successor form. This policy applies to all products and all network and non-network physicians, and other qualified health care professionals (QHP), including, but not limited to, non-network authorized and percent of charge contract physicians and other QHP. This policy also applies to laboratories, including, but not limited to, independent, reference and referring laboratories.

Policy

Overview

This policy describes the reimbursement methodology for laboratory panels and individual Component Codes, as well as reimbursement for venipuncture services, laboratory services performed in a facility setting, laboratory handling, surgical pathology, clinical pathology consultations and drug assay codes. The policy also addresses place of service and date of service relating to laboratory services.

Duplicate laboratory code submissions by the same or multiple physicians or other QHP, as well as certain laboratory services provided in a facility place of service, are also addressed in this policy.

Note this policy does not address reimbursement for all laboratory codes. Coding relationships for laboratory topics not included within this policy are administered through the UnitedHealthcare "Rebundling" and "CCI Editing" policies. All services described in this policy may be subject to additional UnitedHealthcare reimbursement policies including, but not limited to, the Rebundling and CCI Editing Policy, the CLIA Policy and the Professional/Technical Component Policy.

Reimbursement Guidelines

Place of Service

UnitedHealthcare uses the codes indicated in the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Place of Service (POS) Codes for Professional Claims Database to determine if laboratory services are reimbursable. For the purposes of this policy, a facility POS is considered POS 19, 21, 22, 23, 26, 34, 51, 52, 55, 56, 57 and 61. All other POS (e.g., 11, 81, etc.) are considered non-facility.

CMS Place of Service Database

The POS designation identifies the location where the laboratory Specimen was collected. For example, if the Specimen is obtained:



- In an Independent Laboratory or a Reference Laboratory, POS 81 is reported.
- In an office/clinic or other non-facility setting, the appropriate non-facility POS is reported.
- In a facility setting, the appropriate facility POS is reported (e.g., patient is inpatient [POS 21] or outpatient [POS 22]).
- In a laboratory setting maintained by another physician or other QHP in their office/clinic, the POS code 99 for "Other Place of Service" is reported.

All entities billing for laboratory services should append identifying modifiers (e.g., 90), when appropriate, in accordance with correct coding.

For additional information, refer to the Questions and Answers section, Q&A #1.

Date of Service

The date of service (DOS) on a claim for a laboratory test is the date the Specimen was collected and if collected over 2 calendar days, the DOS is the date the collection ended.

Note: United Healthcare will make an exception to the DOS policy for Advanced Diagnostic Laboratory Testing (ADLT) and molecular pathology tests excluded from the Outpatient Prospective Payment System (OPPS) packaging policy

- DOS for ADLTs and molecular pathology tests excluded from OPPS packaging policy may be noted as the date the test was performed if certain conditions are met:
 - o (1) The test is performed following the date of a hospital outpatient's discharge from the hospital outpatient department
 - o (2) The Specimen was collected from a hospital outpatient during an encounter
 - (3) It was medically appropriate to have collected the sample from the hospital outpatient during the hospital outpatient encounter
 - (4) The results of the test do not quide treatment provided during the hospital outpatient encounter; and
 - (5) The test was reasonable and medically necessary for the treatment of an illness.

Provider Specialties Eligible for Reimbursement of Laboratory Services

Reference Laboratory and Non-Reference Laboratory Providers:

- Aligning with CMS, Reference Laboratories reporting laboratory services appended with modifier 90 are eligible for reimbursement.
- Non-Reference Laboratory physicians or other QHP reporting laboratory services appended with modifier 90 are not eligible for reimbursement.
- Physicians or other QHP who own laboratory equipment (Physician Office Laboratory) and perform laboratory testing report the laboratory service without appending modifier 90. These laboratory services are eligible for reimbursement.
- A valid Federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA) Certificate Identification number is required for reimbursement of clinical laboratory services reported on a CMS 1500 Health Insurance Claim Form or its electronic equivalent.

Within the UnitedHealthcare Provider Administrative Guide it states, "You may only bill for services that you or your staff perform. Pass-through billing is not permitted and may not be billed to our members. We only reimburse for laboratory services that you are certified to perform through the federal CLIA. You must not bill our members for any laboratory services if you don't have the applicable CLIA certification."

For more complete information refer to the UnitedHealthcare Provider Administration Guide

For additional information, refer to the Questions and Answers section, Q&A #2



For more complete information regarding CLIA requirements refer to the UnitedHealthcare "Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA) ID Requirement Reimbursement Policy."

Duplicate Laboratory Charges

Same Group Physician or Other QHP

Only one laboratory service is reimbursable when Duplicate Laboratory Services are submitted from the Same Group Physician or Other QHP.

Separate consideration will be given to repeat procedures (i.e., two laboratory procedures performed the same day) by the Same Group Physician or Other QHP when reported with modifier 91. Modifier 91 is appropriate when the repeat laboratory service is performed by a different individual in the same group with the same Federal Tax Identification number.

According to CMS and CPT guidelines, Modifier 91 is appropriate when, during the course of treatment, it is necessary to repeat the same laboratory test for the same patient on the same day to obtain subsequent test results, such as when repeated blood tests are required at different intervals during the same day.

CPT instructions state that modifier 59 should not be used when a more descriptive modifier is available. CMS guidelines cite that the –X {EPSU} modifiers are more selective versions of modifier 59 so it would be incorrect to include both modifiers on the same line. Please refer to the "Modifiers" section for a complete listing of modifiers and their descriptions.

According to CMS and CPT coding guidelines, modifier 59, XE, XP, XS, or XU may be used when the same laboratory services are performed for the same patient on the same day. UnitedHealthcare will reimburse laboratory services reported with modifier 59, XE, XP, XS, or XU for different species or strains, as well as Specimens from distinctly separate anatomic sites.

For additional information, refer to the Questions and Answers section, Q&A #3, and #5.

According to the AMA and CMS, it is inappropriate to use modifier 76 or 77 to indicate repeat laboratory services. Modifiers 59, XE, XP, XS, XU, or 91 should be used to indicate repeat or distinct laboratory services when reported by the Same Group Physician or Other QHP. Separate consideration for reimbursement will not be given to laboratory codes reported with modifier 76 or 77.

Multiple Physicians or Other QHP

Only one laboratory provider will be reimbursed when multiple individuals report Duplicate Laboratory Services. Multiple individuals may include, but are not limited to, any physician or other QHP, Independent Laboratory, Reference Laboratory, Referring Laboratory or pathologist reporting duplicate services.

For additional information, refer to the Questions and Answers section, Q&A #4.

Reference Laboratory and Non-Reference Laboratory Providers:

If a Reference Laboratory and a Non-Reference Laboratory Provider submit Duplicate Laboratory Services only the Reference Laboratory service is reimbursable.

Independent Laboratory, Reference Laboratory and Referring Laboratory:

Laboratory services billed with modifier 90 by a Referring Laboratory are reimbursable if a duplicate claim has not been received from an Independent Laboratory or Reference Laboratory. Duplicate services are not reimbursable, unless one laboratory appends modifier 91 to the code(s) submitted.

Pathologist and Physician Office Laboratory Providers:

If a pathologist and Physician Office Laboratory provider submit Duplicate Laboratory Services, only the pathologist's service is reimbursable, unless the Physician Office Laboratory provider appends a modifier 91 to the codes submitted.



For additional information, refer to the Questions and Answers section, Q&A #6

Anatomic Pathology Services and Purchased Diagnostic Services:

If both the purchaser and supplier who performed the service bill Duplicate Laboratory Services, only one service is reimbursable, unless modifier 59, XE, XP, XS, XU or 91 is appended. Purchased Diagnostic Tests do not apply to automated or manual laboratory tests. UnitedHealthcare uses the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) National Physician Fee Schedule (NPFS) Professional Component/Technical Component (PC/TC) indicators 1, 6, and 8 to identify laboratory services that are eligible as Purchased Diagnostic Tests.

- PC/TC Indicator 1: Physician Service Codes (modifier TC and 26 codes)
- PC/TC Indicator 6: Laboratory Physician Interpretation Codes
- PC/TC Indicator 8: Physician Interpretation Codes

Purchased Laboratory Eligible Codes

For more complete information regarding when a professional or technical component is billed, refer to the UnitedHealthcare "Professional/Technical Component" policy. Refer to the UnitedHealthcare "Maximum Frequency per Day policy for additional information on assigned MFD values.

Documentation Requirements for Reporting Laboratory Services

According to CMS, the physician or other QHP who is treating the patient must order all diagnostic laboratory tests, using these results in the management of the patient's condition. Tests not ordered by the physician or other QHP are not reasonable and necessary.

The physician's or other QHP's documentation should clearly indicate all tests to be performed. For example, "run labs" or "check blood" by itself does not support intent to order.

Documentation of an order or intent to order may include, for example:

- A signed order or requisition listing the specific test(s), or
- An unsigned order or requisition listing the specific test(s), and an authenticated medical record (e.g., progress notes or office notes) supporting the physician's intent to order the tests (for example, "order labs", "check blood", "repeat urine," or
- An authenticated medical record (e.g., office notes or progress notes) supporting the physician intent to order specific test(s), or
- Electronic requisitions are acceptable when the laboratory can demonstrate the order(s) was received through a standardized electronic process.

The medical record should include the documentation described above, as well as a copy of the test results.

For additional information, refer to the Questions and Answers section, Q&A #7.

Laboratory Services Performed in a Facility Setting

The established policy for reimbursement of laboratory services performed in a facility setting is consistent with UnitedHealthcare's policy not to pay for duplicative laboratory services.

Manual and automated laboratory services submitted with a CMS facility POS 19, 21, 22, 23, 26, 34, 51, 52, 55, 56, 57 or 61 will not be reimbursable. These services are reimbursable to the facility. When facilities obtain manual or automated laboratory tests for patients under arrangements with an Independent Laboratory, Reference Laboratory or pathology group, only the facility may be reimbursed for the services.



Note: UnitedHealthcare will make an exception to this policy for reproductive laboratory medicine procedures 89250-89398, molecular pathology laboratory procedures, Genomic Sequencing Procedures and Other Molecular Multianalyte Assays, and proprietary laboratory analysis procedures when the facility laboratory is not equipped or would not be expected to perform these specialized services and refers them to an appropriate laboratory. In the event that both a facility and an Independent Laboratory or Reference Laboratory report the same service on the same day for the same member, only the facility laboratory services may be reimbursed.

UnitedHealthcare uses the CMS National Physician Fee Schedule (NPFS) Professional Component/Technical Component (PC/TC) indicators 3 and 9 to identify laboratory services that are not reimbursable to an Independent Laboratory, Reference Laboratory or Non-Reference Laboratory Provider in a facility setting.

- PC/TC indicator 3: Technical Component Only Codes
- PC/TC indicator 9: PC/TC Concept Not Applicable

Laboratory Codes with a PC/TC Indicator 3 or 9

For more complete information on when a professional or technical component is billed refer to the UnitedHealthcare "Professional/Technical Component Policy."

Modifiers

	00	0.4	00	VE	VD	VC	VII
59	1 90	1 91	1 92		I AP	1 // 2	

Organ or Disease-Oriented Laboratory Panel Codes

Individual laboratory codes, which together make up an organ or disease-oriented laboratory Panel Code, will be combined into and reimbursed as the more comprehensive laboratory Panel Code as described under the specific laboratory panel headings below. These panels are defined in the CPT book as codes 80047, 80048, 80050, 80051, 80053, 80055, 80061, 80069, 80074, 80076, and 80081. According to the CPT book, they were developed for coding purposes only and are not to be interpreted as clinical parameters. UnitedHealthcare uses CPT coding guidelines to define the components of each panel.

UnitedHealthcare also considers an individual component code included in the more comprehensive Panel Code when reported on the same date of service by the Same Individual Physician or Other QHP. The Professional Edition of the CPT ® book, Organ or Disease-Oriented Panel section states: "Do not report two or more Panel Codes that include any of the same constituent tests performed from the same patient collection. If a group of tests overlaps two or more panels, report the panel that incorporates the greater number of tests to fulfill the code definition and report the remaining tests using individual test codes (e.g., do not report 80047 in conjunction with 80053)."

When all components comprising a lab panel as described in CPT are submitted by the Same Individual Physician or Other QHP for the same patient on the same date of service, UnitedHealthcare will bundle them to the appropriate panel code. If a provider submits fewer than all the Component Codes that make up a panel, the Component Codes will be considered individually for reimbursement.

Panel 80047

There are 2 configurations for Panel CPT code 80047:

Configuration 1

Includes Component Codes: 82330, 82374, 82435, 82565, 82947, 84132, 84295, 84520.

Configuration 2

Includes the following Panel Code: 80051



Plus the following Component Codes:

82330, 82565, 82947 and 84520

Panel 80048

There are 2 configurations for Panel CPT code 80048:

Configuration 1

Includes Component Codes: 82310, 82374, 82435, 82565, 82947, 84132, 84295, 84520

Configuration 2

Includes the following Panel Code: 80051

Plus the following Component Codes: 82310,

82565, 82947, 84520

Panel 80050

There are 2 configurations for Panel CPT code 80050:

Configuration 1

Includes the following Component Codes:

82040, 82247, 82310, 82374, 82435, 82565, 82947, 84075, 84132, 84155, 84295, 84443, 84450, 84460, 84520

Plus one of the following CBC or combination of CBC Component Codes:

85027 + 85027 + 85027 + 85025 85004 85007 85009

Configuration 2

Includes the following Panel Code: 80053

Plus the following Component Code: 84443

Plus one of the following CBC or combination of CBC Component Codes:

 85027 +
 85027 +
 85027 +
 85027 +

 85025
 85004
 85007
 85009

Panel 80051

Configuration 1

Includes the following Component Codes:

82374, 82435, 84132, 84295

Panel 80053



There are 3 configurations for Panel CPT code 80053:

Configuration 1

Includes the following Component Codes: 82040, 82247, 82310, 82374, 82435, 82565, 82947, 84075, 84132, 84155, 84295, 84450, 84460, 84520

Configuration 2

Includes the following Panel Code: 80048

Plus the following Component Codes: 82040,

82247, 84075, 84155, 84450, 84460

Configuration 3

Includes the following Panel Code: 80051

Plus the following Component Codes: 82040, 82247, 82310, 82565, 82947, 84075, 84155, 84450, 84460, 84520

Panel 80055

Configuration 1

Includes the following Component Codes: 86592, 86762, 86850, 86900, 86901, 87340

Plus one of the following CBC or combination of CBC Component Codes:

	85027 +	85027 +	85027 +	
85025	85004	85007	85009	

NOTE: The CPT code 87340 is a component code of both the Panel CPT codes 80055 or 80081 and the Panel CPT code 80074. The Panel CPT codes 80055 or 80081 takes Precedence.

Panel, 80061

Configuration 1

Includes the following Component Codes:

82465, 83718, 84478

Panel 80069



There are 2 configurations for Panel CPT code 80069:

Configuration 1

Includes the following Component Codes: 82040, 82310, 82374, 82435, 82565, 82947, 84100, 84132, 84295, 84520

Configuration 2

Includes the following Panel Code: 80048
Plus the following Component Codes: 82040, 84100

Panel 80074

Configuration 1

Includes the following Component Codes: 86705, 86709, 86803, 87340

NOTE: CPT code 87340 is a Component Code for both the Panel 80055 or 80081 and the Panel 80074. The Panel 80055 or 80081 takes Precedence.

Panel 80076

Configuration 1

Includes the following Component Codes: 82040, 82247, 82248, 84075, 84155, 84450, 84460

Panel 80081



There are 2 configurations for Panel CPT code 80081:

Configu	ration 1				
	the follow 6762, 86850				
	Plus one the following CBC or combination of CBC Component Codes:				
85025	85027 + 85004	85027 + 85007	85027 + 85009		

Configuration 2	
Includes the following Panel Code: 80055	
Plus the following Component Code: 87389	

NOTE: The CPT code 87340 is a component code of both the Panels 80055 or 80081 and the Panel 80074. The Panel 80055 or 80081 (which includes HIV testing) takes Precedence.

Surgical Pathology

Surgical Pathology CPT codes 88300-88309 describe gross and microscopic examination and pathologic diagnosis of Specimen(s) submitted. Two or more Specimens separately identified from the same patient are each assigned an individual code reflective of its proper level of service. Under certain circumstances, the physician may need to report the same surgical pathology code for multiple Specimens for the same patient on the same date of service.

Pathology Specimens from the same anatomic site reported with the same Surgical Pathology CPT code may be reported on one line with multiple units.

Duplicate pathology Specimens reported with the same Surgical Pathology CPT code must be reported with a modifier 59, XE, XP, XS, XU, or 91 to receive separate consideration.

Venipuncture and Specimen Collection

Consistent with CMS, only one collection fee for each type of Specimen per patient encounter, regardless of the number of Specimens drawn, will be allowed. A collection fee will not be reimbursed to anyone who did not extract the Specimen.

Venous blood collection by venipuncture and capillary blood Specimen collection (CPT codes 36415 and 36416) will be reimbursed once per patient per date of service when reported by the Same Individual Physician or Other QHP. When CPT code 36416 is submitted with CPT code 36415, CPT code 36415 is the only venipuncture code considered eligible for reimbursement. No modifier overrides will exempt CPT code 36416 from bundling into CPT code 36415.

Consistent with CMS, UnitedHealthcare considers collection of a Specimen from a completely implantable venous access device and from an established catheter (CPT codes 36591 and 36592) to be bundled into services assigned a CMS NPFS Status Indicator of A, R or T provided on the same date of service by the Same Individual Physician or Other QHP, for which payment is made. When CPT code 36591 is submitted with CPT code 36592, CPT code 36592 is the only venipuncture code considered eligible for reimbursement. No modifier overrides will exempt CPT code 36591 from bundling into CPT code 36592.

Laboratory Status Indicator A R T codes

The edits administered by this policy may be found on the following link using the appropriate year and quarter referencing the "Status Code" column:



https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-Fee-for-Service-Payment/PhysicianFeeSched/PFS-Relative-Value-Files

UnitedHealthcare considers venipuncture code S9529 a non-reimbursable service. The description for S9529 focuses on place of service for a service that is more precisely represented by CPT code 36415 and reported with the appropriate CMS place of service code.

Consistent with CMS, Specimen collection HCPCS code G0471 is reimbursable only when a Specimen is collected from an individual in a skilled nursing facility or by a laboratory on behalf of a home health agency.

Laboratory Handling

Laboratory handling and conveyance CPT codes 99000 and 99001 and HCPCS code H0048 are included in the overall management of a patient and are not separately reimbursed.

Clinical and Surgical Pathology Consultations (80503-80506 and 88321-88325)

CPT codes 80503-80506 and 88321 – 88325 are reimbursable services only to Reference Laboratories and to providers whose primary specialty is pathology or dermatology.

UnitedHealthcare considers clinical and surgical pathology consultation codes as included in an Evaluation and Management (E/M) service provided for the same patient on the same date of service. If billed with an E/M service, codes 80503-80506 and/or 88321-88325 are not separately reimbursable.

Evaluation and Management Codes for the Laboratory Services Policy

Drug Assay Codes

Consistent with CMS, Drug Assay CPT codes 80320-80377 are considered non-reimbursable. These services may be reported under an appropriate HCPCS code.

For additional information, refer to the Questions and Answers section, Q&A #8

Surgical Pathology for Prostate Needle Biopsy

In alignment with CMS, UnitedHealthcare requires surgical pathology for prostate needle biopsy Specimens (including gross and microscopic examination) to be reported with HCPCS code G0416, rather than 88305. Code G0416 represents 1 unit of service regardless of the number of Specimens examined. Code 88305 will not be reimbursed for prostate needle biopsy surgical pathology.

For additional information, refer to the Questions and Answers section, Q&A #11

Respiratory Viral Panel Testing

Consistent with CMS Local Coverage Determinations, UnitedHealthcare does not consider multiplex Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) respiratory viral panels of 6 or more pathogens eligible for reimbursement, and codes 0115U, 0202U, 0223U, 0225U, 87632 and 87633 will be denied.

For additional information, refer to the Questions and Answers section, Q&A #10

Definitions	
CMS NPFS Status A	Active Code. These codes are paid separately under the physician fee schedule, if covered. There will be RVUs for codes with this status. The presence of an "A" indicator does not mean that Medicare has made a national coverage determination regarding the service; carriers remain responsible for coverage decisions in the absence of a national Medicare policy.

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0	Policy Number 2023R0010A
CMS NPFS Status R	Restricted Coverage. Special coverage instructions apply. If covered, the service is carrier priced. (NOTE: The majority of codes to which this indicator will be assigned are the alphanumeric dental codes, which begin with "D". We are assigning the indicator to a limited number of CPT codes which represent services that are covered only in unusual circumstances.)
CMS NPFS Status T	Injections . There are RVUS and payment amounts for these services, but they are only paid if there are no other services payable under the physician fee schedule billed on the same date by the same provider. If any other services payable under the physician fee schedule are billed on the same date by the same provider, these services are bundled into the physician services for which payment is made. (NOTE: This is a change from the previous definition, which states that injection services are bundled into any other services billed on the same date.)
Component Codes	Identify individual tests that when performed together may comprise a panel.
Duplicate Laboratory Service	Identical or equivalent bundled laboratory Component Codes, submitted for the same patient on the same date of service on separate claim lines or on different claims regardless of the assigned Maximum Frequency per Day (MFD) value.
Non-Reference Laboratory Provider	A physician or a Pathologist reporting laboratory procedures performed in their office.
Panel Codes	Identify, for coding purposes, a group of tests commonly performed as a group or profile.
Physician Office Laboratory	A laboratory maintained by a physician or group of physicians for performing diagnostic tests in connection with the physician practice.
Precedence	The fact, state, or right of preceding priority; priority claimed because of pre-eminence or superiority.
Purchased Diagnostic Tests	When one component (technical or professional) of a diagnostic test is purchased from a laboratory supplier by a physician or laboratory. Purchased Diagnostic Tests include laboratory or pathology services that are listed in the (CMS) National Physician Fee Schedule with a PC/TC indicator 1, 6, or 8. Purchased services do not apply to automated or manual laboratory services.
Independent Laboratory	An Independent Laboratory is one that is independent both of an attending or consulting physician's office and of a hospital that meets at least the requirements to qualify as an emergency hospital. An Independent Laboratory must meet Federal and State requirements for certification and proficiency testing under the Clinical Laboratories Improvement Act (CLIA).
Reference Laboratory	A Reference Laboratory that receives a Specimen from another, Referring Laboratory for testing and that actually performs the test is often referred to as an Independent Laboratory.
Referring Laboratory	A Referring Laboratory is one that receives a Specimen to be tested and that refers the Specimen to another laboratory for performance of the laboratory test.
Same Group Physician or Other Qualified Health Care Professional (QHP)	All physicians and/or other QHP of the same group reporting the same Federal Tax Identification number.
Same Individual Physician or Other Qualified Health Care Professional (QHP)	The same individual rendering health care services reporting the same Federal Tax Identification number.



Commercial Reimbursement Policy CMS 1500 Policy Number 2023R0010A

Specimen

Tissue or tissues that is (are) submitted for individual and separate attention, requiring individual examination and pathological diagnosis. Two or more such Specimens from the same patient (eg, separately identifiable endoscopic biopsies, skin lesions) are each appropriately assigned an individual code reflective of its proper level of service.

Que	stions and Answers			
	Q: What place of service should an Independent or Reference Laboratory report when billing?			
1	A: When billing, the place of service reported should be the location where the Specimen was obtained, For example, a Specimen removed from a hospitalized patient and sent to the laboratory would be reported with Place of Service (POS) 21 or 22; a sample taken at a physician's office and referred to the laboratory would be reported with POS 11; if the Independent or Reference Laboratory did the blood drawing in its own setting, it should report POS 81.			
	Q: What provider specialty is eligible to report and receive reimbursement for Laboratory services?			
A: As stated in the UnitedHealthcare Provider Administration Guide you may only bill for services that staff perform. If your provider specialty is a Reference Laboratory, report laboratory services appende modifier 90 to indicate a Reference (Outside) Laboratory.				
	Q: Will identical or equivalent laboratory Component Codes submitted on the same day for the same patient by the Same Group Physician or Other QHP be denied as Duplicate Laboratory Services?			
3	A: Yes, identical or equivalent laboratory Component Codes are denied unless the appropriate repeat laboratory procedure modifier (modifier 59, XE, XP, XS, XU, or 91) is appended to the code(s) submitted.			
	Q: Will consecutive or serial tests provided on the same day to the same patient by either physicians of the same group or multiple providers be denied as a Duplicate Laboratory Service?			
4	A: Yes, consecutive or serial tests are denied unless the appropriate repeat laboratory procedure modifier (modifier 91) is appended to the codes submitted.			
	Q: In what circumstance(s) is it appropriate to report modifier 59 with a laboratory service?			
5	 A: When identifying procedures/services that are performed by the same or multiple individuals or Same Group Physician or Other QHP for the same patient on the same day, modifier 59, XE, XP, XS, or XU is appropriate. Multiple individuals may include, but are not limited to, any physician or other QHP, Reference Laboratory, Referring Laboratory or pathologist. Circumstances include: Mutually exclusive procedures (e.g., a Panel Code and one of its individual Component Codes reported 			
	 together). Repeat laboratory services on Specimens from distinctly separate anatomic sites. Repeat laboratory services for different species or strains. 			
	Q: If a pathologist and a treating physician report identical codes for the same individual on the same date of service, how will each claim be reimbursed?			
6	A: Only the pathologist will be reimbursed. The treating physician may also be reimbursed if modifier 59, XE, XP, XS, XU, or 91 is appropriately reported with the code(s) submitted to distinguish that it was a distinct or repeat laboratory service.			
7	Q: Can laboratory tests be performed in the absence of a physician(s) or other QHP(s) documentation or signed physician orders?			



Commercial Reimbursement Policy CMS 1500 Policy Number 2023R0010A

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		A: Yes, laboratory tests will be considered for reimbursement when they meet CMS's documentation requirements. The patient's medical record must include either a signed order from the physician or other health care professional or must document a clear intent for the test to be performed. For example, "run labs" or "check blood" by itself does not support intent to order. The physician's or other QHP's documentation, showing the order or intent to order (electronic requisition is acceptable as noted above), should clearly indicate all tests to be performed.
	8	 Q: Why is code 83992 added to the Drug Assay Testing section code range 80320 - 80377? A: CPT code 83992 which was resequenced, is included in the Drug Assay Testing code range, 80320-80377. In CPT, code 83992 has been placed between 80365 and 80366, which falls into the Drug Assay Testing code range.
9		Q: Is a separate collection of the Specimen and order necessary for the appropriate use of modifier 91? A: Yes, a separate collection with appropriate order is required for proper use of modifier 91. The order may be part of a sequential order or may be a standalone order for the same test, same day and same patient. For Example: Cardiac enzymes-CPT code 82550 may be drawn at different times on the same date of service (DOS). Reporting 82550-91 for each additional blood draw would be an appropriate use of modifier 91. The DOS on a claim for a laboratory test is the date the Specimen was collected and if collected over 2 calendar days, the DOS is the date the collection ended.
90.59	10	Q : Are respiratory viral panels with fewer than 6 pathogen targets reimbursable under this policy? For example, can lab charges be submitted with the appropriate code(s) for 5 or less targets?
		 A: Yes, respiratory viral panels of 5 or less targets may be considered for reimbursement, when appropriate. Q: How does UnitedHealthcare determine whether a surgical pathology Specimen is for prostate needle biopsy and therefore should be coded with HCPCS code G0416, rather than CPT code 88305?
8	11	A: Surgical pathology Specimens for prostate needle biopsy are identified by submission of prostate needle biopsy CPT codes 55700 or 55706, by the same or a different provider reporting with the same or different TIN.

Attachments	
Evaluation and Management Codes for the Laboratory Services Policy	A list of evaluation and management codes applicable to the Laboratory Services Policy.
Laboratory Codes with a PC/TC Indicator 3 or 9	A list of codes that have been assigned a Professional Component/ Technical Component (PC/TC) Indicator of 3 or 9. PC/TC Indicator 3: Technical Component Only code PC/TC Indicator 9: The concept of a professional/technical component does not apply These services are not reimbursable to a Reference Laboratory or Non-Reference Laboratory Provider in a facility setting.
Purchased Laboratory Eligible Codes	A list of laboratory codes that have been assigned a Professional Component/ Technical Component (PC/TC) Indicator of 1, 6, or 8. PC/TC Indicator 1: Physician Service Codes (modifier TC and 26 codes) PC/TC Indicator 6: Laboratory Physician Interpretation Codes PC/TC Indicator 8: Physician Interpretation Codes These services are reimbursable as Purchased Diagnostic Tests when billed with a modifier 90.

Resources



Commercial Reimbursement Policy CMS 1500 Policy Number 2023R0010A

American Medical Association, Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®) and associated publications and services

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, CMS Manual System and other CMS publications and services

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, Health care Common Procedure Coding System, HCPCS Release and Code Sets

History	
1/1/2023	Policy Version Change Policy Sections Changed: Policy Lists Updated: Evaluation and Management Codes for the Laboratory Services, Laboratory Codes with a PC/TC Indicator 3 or 9, and Purchased Laboratory Eligible Codes History/Updates Section: Entries prior to 1/1/2021 archived
9/25/2022	Policy Version Change Policy Section Changed: Surgical Pathology for Prostate Needle Biopsy; Q&A #11 History/Updates Section: Entries prior to 9/27/2020 archived
7/1/2022	Policy Version Change Policy Sections Changed: Date of Service section updated Laboratory Services Performed in a Facility Setting section updated History/Updates Section: Entries prior to 6/28/2020 archived
1/1/2022	Policy Version Change Policy Section Changed: Clinical and Surgical Pathology Consultations section updated Removed tables and added attachments for: Evaluation and Management Codes for the Laboratory Services Policy and Purchased Laboratory Eligible Codes History/Updates Section: Entries prior to 1/1/2020 archived
7/1/2021	Policy Version Change Policy Section Changed: Organ or Disease-Oriented Laboratory Panel Codes section updated
6/27/2021	Policy Version Change Policy List Update: Laboratory Codes with a PC/TC Indicator 3 or 9
6/1/2021	Policy Version Change Policy Section Changed: Place of Service; Documentation Requirements for Reporting Laboratory Services; Q&A #7 Policy Section Added: Respiratory Viral Panel Testing; Q&A #10 History/Updates Section: Entries prior to 5/26/2019 archived
5/13/2021	Policy Version Change Attachments Section: Removed attachment(s) and provided link to source document
3/28/2021	Policy Version Change Policy List Update: Laboratory Status Indicator A R T Codes lists updated
2/14/2021	Policy Version Change Policy List Update: Laboratory Codes with a PC/TC Indicator 3 or 9
1/1/2021	Policy Version Change Surgical Pathology for Prostate Needle Biopsy section added Policy List Update: Evaluation and Management Codes for the Laboratory Services Policy, Laboratory Codes with a PC/TC Indicator 3 or 9, Laboratory Status Indicator A R T Codes lists updated History/Updates Section: Entries prior to 1/1/2019 archived
5/27/1999	Policy Approved by the Payment Policy Group
8/31/1998	Policy implementation by UnitedHealthcare Employer and Individual

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 11th JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

COMPLEX BUSINESS LITIGATION DIVISION

Cooley George Pantazis MD PA,

CASE NO.: 2023-026576-CA-01

Plaintiff.

٧.

UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC. and UNITED HEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY, and NEIGHBORHOOD HEALTH PARTNERSHIP, INC.,

Detendants.	

MOTION TO TRANSFER THIS CASE FROM SECTION CA 43 TO SECTION CA 44

Plaintiff, Cooley George Pantazis MD PA, moves the Court, in accordance with the Rules for Complex Business Litigation and Revised Administrative Order 79-2, to transfer this case from section CA 43 to Section CA 44, and in support thereof states as follows:

- 1. This case is about Defendant underpaying Plaintiff for their professional pathology services billed to Defendants for Defendants' insureds.
 - 2. A series of these cases have recently been filed in the Complex Business Division.
 - 3. The first filed case in this series of cases is before Judge Lisa Walsh, CA 44.
 - 4. For ease of reference a chart is below listing all cases, case number, and presiding judges.

Style	Case No.	Judge/Section
NEXTGEN PATHOLOGY, LLC v. UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC. et al.	2023-025142-CA-01	Lisa S. Walsh (CA 44)

ANCILLARY PATHWAYS, LLC v. UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC. et al.	2023-025244-CA-01	Lisa S. Walsh (CA 44)
PATHOLOGY CONSULTANTS OF SOUTH BROWARD, LLC. v. UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC. et al.	2023-026493-CA-01	Thomas J. Rebull (CA 43)
RUFFOLO HOOPER & ASSOCIATES, MD P.A. v. UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC. et al.	2023-026570-CA-01	Thomas J. Rebull (CA 43)
ACCURATE PATHOLOGY SERVICES, M.D., P.L. v. UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC. et al.		Thomas J. Rebull (CA 43)
ASSOCIATED PATHOLOGISTS, P.A. v. UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC. et al.	2023-026572-CA-01	Thomas J. Rebull (CA 43)
COOLEY GEORGE PANTAZIS MD PA v. UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC. et al.	2023-026576-CA-01	Thomas J. Rebull (CA 43)
ETHOS PATHOLOGY, INC. v. UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC. et al.	2023-026577-CA-01	Lisa S. Walsh (CA 44)
HALIFAX PATHOLOGY ASSOCIATES, P.A., v. UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC. et al.	2023-026578-CA-01	Lisa S. Walsh (CA 44)
QUANTUM HOSPITAL PATHOLOGY, LLC v. UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC. et al	.2023-026579-CA- 01	Lisa S. Walsh (CA 44)

- 5. On November 29, 2023, Plaintiff's counsel conferred via email with Defendants' counsel and asked for a response by December 6 regarding transferring all cases into CA 44.
- 6. Defendants' counsel informed Plaintiff's counsel that he needed to discuss his request with his clients regarding the transfer. To date, Plaintiff's counsel has not received a response.

- 7. Opposing counsel has agreed to accept service of the Complaints in all the above-referenced cases, but has not yet entered a Notice of Appearance, therefore, undersigned counsel is also serving this motion directly via email to opposing counsel.
- 8. The Eleventh Judicial Circuit of Florida Circuit Civil Division Complex Business Litigation Rules ("CBL rules") 2.1 states that Amended Administrative Order ("A.O") No. 16-12 governs the assignment of cases to the CBL¹³.
- 9. Further the CBL rules establish transfer provisions that state, "circumstances must be argued in the motion to transfer with specificity[]" and references A.O. No. 79-1 (later revised to A.O. No. 79-2).
 - 10. A.O. No. 79-2 (4)(c) is on point. Transferring cases to one judge is appropriate when:
 - (c) Pending cases arising from the same or substantially identical transactions, happenings or events; cases calling for determination of the same or substantially identical questions of law; or cases which for other reasons would entail substantial duplication of labor if heard by different Judges, may be reassigned by the Administrative Judge to the section in which the first case is filed.

Emphasis added.

- 11. Further, A.O. No. 79-2 (4)(d) allows for transfer of cases "to promote efficient operation "
- 12. Here, this case, and the other nine filed cases, have substantially identical issues dealing with improper reimbursement policies and procedures by Defendants to the Plaintiff. Each case has the same Defendants, the same causes of action, the same counsel on both sides, the same issues of medical billing, the same reimbursement policies, the same sets of Clinical Procedural

¹³ A.O. No. 16-12 section 5 (c), "Assignment of Cases in and out of CBL Sections" states, "The Administrative Judge of the Division (or designee) shall resolve any controversy which may arise concerning the assignment/transfer of any case to or from a CBL Section."

Terminology ("CPT") medical billing codes, the same CPT code modifiers, the same medical services rendered, and only differ as to the claimed amounts and amounts owed.

- 13. To promote judicial economy, all questions of law should be ruled upon consistently in each case and would eliminate the possibility of inconsistent rulings if in front of the same judge. Further, duplication of effort would be eliminated when all CMCs and motion practice could be heard in front of the same judge at the same time, without the need to litigate the same issues multiple times, promoting the efficient handling of all cases to conserve the parties and the Court's resources. ¹⁴
- 14. Moreover, just last year the same Plaintiff and Defense counsel and the same Defendants transferred nearly identical cases to then Chief Administrative Judge Jennifer Bailey in the CBL division. Those cases concerned substantially similarly issues and the same Defendants¹⁵. Those cases settled with a streamlined process for CMCs, pleadings and motion practice.
- 15. Further, the first of these ten cases, Nextgen Pathology (2023-025142-CA-01) was filed in CA 44, thus all cases should be transferred to CA 44 consistent with A.O. No. 79-2.

WHEREFORE, consistent with the Rules for Complex Business Litigation and Revised Administrative Order 79-2, Plaintiff moves this Court to transfer this case from section CA 43 to Section CA 44, and for any other relief this Court deems just and proper.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

¹⁴ Plaintiff does intend to move to consolidate discovery of these matters upon transfer.

¹⁵ Comprehensive Pathology Associates, P.A., v. United Healthcare of Florida, Inc. And United Healthcare Insurance Company, And Neighborhood Health Partnership, Inc., Case No.: 2019-037776-CA-01; Palmetto Pathology Services, P.A., v. United Healthcare of Florida, Inc. And United Healthcare Insurance Company, And Neighborhood Health Partnership, Inc., Case No.: 2020-026743-CA-01; and,

A.M. RYWLIN, M.D. and ASSOCIATES, P.A, v. United Healthcare of Florida, Inc. And United Healthcare Insurance Company, And Neighborhood Health Partnership, Inc., Case No.: 2021-008367-CA-01.

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing has been furnished this 8th day of December 2023, via Florida's E-Portal electronic filing system to all counsel of record and via email to Craig H. Smith at craig.smith@hoganlovells.com and James L. VanLandingham at james.vanlandingham@hoganlovells.com.

WHITFIELD COLEMAN & MONTOYA

201 Sevilla Avenue Suite 200 Coral Gables, Florida 33134

/s/ Patrick Montoya
Patrick Montoya
Fla. Bar No. 0524441
Markus M. Kamberger
Fla. Bar No. 111566
pmontoya@thewcmfirm.com
mkamberger@thewcmfirm.com

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

CASE NO: <u>2023-026576-CA-01</u>

SECTION: CA43

JUDGE: Thomas J. Rebull

Cooley George Pantazis MD PA

Plaintiff(s)

vs.

UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC. et al

Defendant(s)

ORDER ON MOTIONS AND MEMO REQUIREMENTS AND MANDATORY ORDER TO CONFER AND CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT

This case is pending in the Complex Business Litigation Division and must follow the Complex Business Litigation rules. In addition, it is **ORDERED** and **ADJUDGED**:

MOTION CALENDAR

The Court conducts an open motion calendar (3 business days' notice required) on Mondays and Thursdays at 9:00 a.m. Motion Calendar hearings will continue to be heard via Zoom. As a general rule, ten-minute Motion Calendar hearings do not require memoranda of law. Copies of motions and any response shall be uploaded on courtMAP in accordance with the Court's motion calendar procedures posted on its website.

MOTIONS REQUIRING A SPECIAL SET HEARING

Hearings must be set using the Court's special set through courtMAP. Motions may be scheduled or ruled upon without a hearing, in the Court's discretion, anytime more than twenty days after the motion is filed, by which time briefing should be completed under this order. Special set hearings are limited to one hour absent leave of court. In the event a movant (or responding party) believes more than one hour is needed, the case shall be set on the motion calendar so the Court may be advised of the nature of the motion and determine whether additional time will be allotted.

Content of motions shall state with particularity the grounds therefore, cite any statute or rule of procedure relied upon, shall set forth the relief sought and shall include the required certification of conferral. The Court will not consider issues at a hearing that were not specifically addressed in the motion and memoranda in support of and in opposition to the motion. Nor will the

Case No: 2023-026576-CA-01 Page 1 of 4

Court entertain any matter not set for hearing. See Miami-Dade County Bd. of County Com'rs v. An Accountable Miami-Dade, 208 So. 3d 724 (Fla. 3d DCA 2016) ("[i]t is well established that "the granting of relief, which is not sought by the notice of hearing or which expands the scope of a hearing and decides matters not noticed for hearing, violates due process").

MEMORANDA REQUIREMENTS

These requirements and deadlines may not be waived or altered except by court order.

Failure to File and Serve Motion Materials:

A motion or opposition not supported by a memorandum of law (which may be incorporated into the motion) may be summarily rejected or denied. Failure to timely file a memorandum in opposition to a motion may result in the pending motion being considered uncontested.

Motion briefing deadlines are court orders.

Motion	Memoranda of law	Page limit	Time deadline	
Motion filed by movant	As required by CBL rules	30	At time of filing the motion	Memos which are not filed with the motion will be disregarded.
Opposition to motion	At time of filing opposition, if needed	30	10 days after service of motion as computed in the Fla. R. Civ. P. 1.090	If no response is timely filed, the Court will proceed and may grant the motion as unopposed.
Reply	If needed, limited to matters raised in the opposition	10	5 days after service of opposition as computed in the Fla. R. Civ. P. 1.090	If no reply is timely filed, the Court will proceed
Sur-reply	With Court permission only			

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Motions Decided on Papers and Memoranda:

Motions may be considered and decided by the Court without a hearing. A hearing is at the discretion of the Court unless a hearing is required by the Rules of Civil Procedure.

SEALED AND CONFIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS

Sealed or confidential documents should be efiled pursuant to the instructions on the Clerk's efiling portal. In Camera inspections shall be conducted as instructed by the Court.

MANDATORY ORDER TO CONFER AND CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT

This case is subject to the Complex Business Litigation Rules. The rules require that parties meet and confer prior to filing any motion to determine if issues can be narrowed, the appropriate amount of time required for hearing if hearing is requested, and any other issues such as the completion of related discovery. Meet and Confer under these rules requires an actual effort between attorneys, not staff.

DONE and **ORDERED** in Chambers at Miami-Dade County, Florida on this <u>10th day of December</u>, <u>2023</u>.

2023-026576-CA-01 12-10-2023 8:15 PM

Hon. Thomas J. Rebull

CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE

Electronically Signed

Electronically Served:

Markus M. Kamberger, mkamberger@thewcmfirm.com

Markus M. Kamberger, mkamberger@thewcmfirm.com

Patrick S Montoya, pmontoya@wcbfirm.com

Patrick S Montoya, alanza@thewcmfirm.com

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Case No: 2023-026576-CA-01 Page 3 of 4

Physically Served:

Case No: 2023-026576-CA-01 Page 4 of 4

Filing # 187710047 E-Filed 12/10/2023 08:35:38 PM

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

CASE NO: 2023-026576-CA-01

SECTION: CA43

JUDGE: Thomas J. Rebull

Cooley George Pantazis MD PA

Plaintiff(s)

VS.

UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC. et al

Defendant(s)

ORDER REQUIRING COMPLIANCE WITH COMPLEX BUSINESS LITIGATION SECTION PROCEDURES AND ORDER ON CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCES

The Complex Business Litigation Rules shall apply to all actions in the Complex Business Litigation Section except to the extent that they are superseded by court Order. The rules are located on the circuit website at: http://www.jud11.flcourts.org/About-the-Court/Ourt-Courts/Civil-Court/Complex-Business-Litigation and on the Judge's webpage.

These Procedures shall be construed and enforced to avoid technical delay, encourage civility, permit just and prompt determination of all proceedings, and promote the efficient administration of justice.

All motions pertaining to cases within the Complex Business Litigation Section must adhere to Complex Business Litigation Rules.

INITIAL CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on <u>February 9, 2024 at 3:00 p.m.</u>, undersigned shall convene an Initial Case Management Conference ("ICMC") in this cause.

Lead Trial Counsel, each individual party, and a representative of any entity party shall appear for the ICMC unless other arrangements are approved in advance by the Judge.

Failure of any party to attend, including the insurance carrier representative, shall subject that party to sanctions. Lead Counsel shall meet no less than 20 days in advance of the ICMC to discuss the matters identified in Rule 1.201(b) and shall, no less than fourteen (14) days before the scheduled Case Management Conference, file the Joint Case Management Report in compliance with Rule 1.201(b)(1).

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THE DEADLINES FOR SUBMISSIONS PRIOR TO THE INITIAL CMC MAY NOT BE ALTERED OR WAIVED BY COUNSEL PLEASE MAKE APPROPRIATE ARRANGEMENTS TO COMPLY

All counsel and parties are responsible for filing a Joint Case Management Report in full compliance with this Order. Plaintiff's counsel shall have the primary responsibility to coordinate the meeting of Lead Trial Counsel and unrepresented parties in person, and the filing of the Joint Case Management Report. If counsel is unable to coordinate such compliance, counsel shall timely notify the Court. Counsel shall file the report and note any parties' nonparticipation. Failure to provide the required case management report may subject the violating party(ies) to sanctions.

Pursuant to the provisions of Fla. R. Civ. P. 1.201(b)(3), and notwithstanding rule 1.440, the Court will set the case management plan and trial date at the ICMC. Because this ICMC occurs near the outset of the case, the trial date will be confirmed at the subsequent Scheduling Case Management Conference to assure reasonable case management progress. Once set at the Scheduling Case Management Conference, the trial date will be a firm date. THE COURT ANTICIPATES REAL TRIAL SETTINGS, AND COUNSEL SHOULD MAKE APPROPRIATE SCHEDULING DECISIONS AT THE TIME OF THE CMC, including blocking necessary time with expert witnesses and mediators. As provided in the rule, continuance of the trial of a complex action, once scheduled at the Scheduling Conference, will rarely be granted, and then only upon good cause shown. Failure to complete discovery, dispositive motions, or mediation in violation of the case management plan is not good cause. Parties may not continue a case by agreement.

Plaintiff is required to provide a full set of all materials regarding pending motion(s), including all responses and replies, and all memoranda no later than three (3) days prior to the initial case management conference. COURTESY COPIES, HEARING BINDERS, AND HEARING REQUEST PROCEDURES FOR ALL HEARINGS

The Judge requires a paper copy/complete hearing binder with all materials, from each involved party (motions, memos, opposition, replies, case law, record and document excerpts) that any party requests to be included, delivered to chambers at least 3 days prior to the scheduled hearing. (all materials shall also be uploaded through courtMap on the hearing date scheduled.) It shall be the responsibility of the movant to provide a single comprehensive binder. Parties shall not submit competing binders. The binder shall <u>first</u> include <u>only</u> the motion and supporting memorandum of law, the opposition, and any reply. These initial materials shall <u>not</u> include any attached exhibits or other materials. These primary first materials (motion/memo, opposition, and reply) are analogous to appellate briefs, and the attachments and exhibits, etc., are the appendix/record and must come <u>after</u> the primary materials.

Parties are hereby noticed that the Court may consider any non-dispositive pending motion at any Case Management Conference and should prepare accordingly, and that the Court may engage in any of the actions authorized under Fla. R. Civ. P. 1.200 and 1.201. The Court will also review the parties' periodic progress and completion of case management milestones under the case management plan in order to assure timely progress towards trial. Parties should not agree to extensions of milestone deadlines anticipating that the trial will be delayed. It is the parties'

Case No: 2023-026576-CA-01 Page 2 of 3

responsibility to complete case preparation in sufficient time in advance of the trial date to allow for pretrial hearing on Daubert Motions, Dispositive Motions, and for the completion of mediation, etc.

PROPOSED ORDERS

Proposed Orders, ex-parte, agreed and otherwise, shall be submitted by courtMAP in Word format as indicated on the Judge's webpage. Parties shall promptly review and propose any edits to a proposed order. If the parties are unable to agree to the language of an order, the movant shall gather all versions of the order with proposed changes red-lined (or Track Changes) and email them in Word to the Court at cbl43@jud11.flcourts.org for its review and execution. Delivery of the order shall be prompt in accord with the CBL Rules.

Counsel for Plaintiff(s) and Third-Party Plaintiff(s) is/are ORDERED: to confirm all parties subsequently named or appearing herein have been served copies of this Notice and Order. If any subsequently served or named party has not been served with a copy of this notice, Plaintiff and Third-Party Plaintiff shall provide the party with a copy of this Notice.

DONE and **ORDERED** in Chambers at Miami-Dade County, Florida on this <u>10th day of</u> December, 2023.

2023-026576-CA-01 12-10-2023 8:15 PM 2023-026576-CA-01 12-10-2023 8:15 PM

Hon. Thomas J. Rebull

CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE

Electronically Signed

Electronically Served:

Markus M. Kamberger, mkamberger@thewcmfirm.com Markus M. Kamberger, mkamberger@thewcmfirm.com Patrick S Montoya, pmontoya@wcbfirm.com Patrick S Montoya, alanza@thewcmfirm.com Patrick S Montoya, ralvarez@thewcmfirm.com

Physically Served:

Case No: 2023-026576-CA-01 Page 3 of 3

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

COMPLEX BUSINESS LITIGATION DIVISION

Case No.: 2023-026576 CA 43

COOLEY GEORGE PANTAZIS MD, PA,

Plaintiff,

v.

UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC., UNITED HEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY, and NEIGHBORHOOD HEALTH PARTNERSHIP, INC.,

Defendants.

NOTICE OF APPEARANCE

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that James L. VanLandingham of the law firm of Hogan Lovells US LLP, appears as counsel for Defendants UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC., UNITED HEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY, and NEIGHBORHOOD HEALTH PARTNERSHIP, INC., and requests that all papers served in this case also be delivered to and served at the address(es) set forth below.

Respectfully submitted,

HOGAN LOVELLS US LLP 600 Brickell Avenue, Suite 2700 Miami, Florida 33131

Telephone: (305) 459-6500 Facsimile: (305) 459-6550

By: /s/ James L. VanLandingham

James L. VanLandingham Fla. Bar No.: 106761

Email: james.vanlandingham@hoganlovells.com gladys.cata@hoganlovells.com (secondary)

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on December 15, 2023, a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served on counsel of record via e-service notification through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal.

By: /s/ James L. VanLandingham

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

COMPLEX BUSINESS LITIGATION **DIVISION**

Case No.: 2023-026576 CA 43

COOLEY GEORGE PANTAZIS MD, PA,

Plaintiff,

V.

UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC., UNITED HEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY, and NEIGHBORHOOD HEALTH PARTNERSHIP, INC.,

Defendants.

NOTICE OF APPEARANCE

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Craig H. Smith of the law firm of Hogan Lovells US LLP, appears as counsel for Defendants UNITED HEALTHCARE OF FLORIDA, INC., UNITED **NEIGHBORHOOD HEALTHCARE INSURANCE** COMPANY, and HEALTH PARTNERSHIP, INC., and requests that all papers served in this case also be delivered to and served at the address(es) set forth below.

Respectfully submitted,

HOGAN LOVELLS US LLP 600 Brickell Avenue, Suite 2700 Miami, Florida 33131 Telephone: (305) 459-6500

Facsimile: (305) 459-6550

By: /s/ Craig H. Smith

Craig H. Smith Fla. Bar No.: 96598

Email: craig.smith@hoganlovells.com gladys.cata@hoganlovells.com (secondary)

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on December 19, 2023, a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served on counsel of record via e-service notification through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal.

Bv:	/s/ Craig H. Smith	
LJy.	/S/ C/utg 11. D/little	